

How to Determine The Amount of *Risk* For Your Savings.

Use this chart to determine if your *risk to safety* ratio is consistent with your age. (Use a plus or minus sign before all your answers)

Step 1

□ (Age) Choose only one

- Enter your age (nearest birthday)
- If married add both ages and divide by two

□ (Investment experience) Choose only one

- If widowed and spouse handled finances (add 5 points)
- Widowed & shared investment decisions equally (add 3 points)

\Box (Current income) Choose only one of the next three

- Current company pension that meets my expenses (subtract 2 pts)
- Current pension meets 75% of living expenses (add 4 points)
- Current pension meets 50% or less or <u>no pension</u> (add 6 points)

\Box (Current income) Choose only one of the next three

- Social security meets 75 or more of expenses (subtract 1 points)
- Social security meets 50% of expenses (add 4 points)
- Social security meets less than 50% of expenses (add 6 points)

□ (Liquid Asset Base <u>Do Not</u> Include Home) Choose only one

- Assets are greater than 750,000 (subtract 2 points)
- Assets are 500,000 to 750,000 (subtract 1 point)
- Assets less than 500,000 (add 3 points)

□ (Real estate) Choose only one

- I /we own our home mortgage free (subtract 2 points)
- I /we do not own a home or it is mortgaged (add 4 points)

□ (Attitude) Answer all

- I /we sometimes worry about running out of money. (add 3 points)
- When interest rates go down it concerns me/us. (add 1 point)
- When my investments lose money it concerns me/us. (add 2 points)
- When my investments lose money it's part of life. (subtract 1 point)
- It is important to me/us to live independently. (add 2 points)
- I/we feel comfortable living with our family (subtract 1 points)
- I/we had a least one relative that lived `till 88 yrs of age (add 1 point)

Step 2

Tally up the column and place answer in box #1

BOX # 1

	100
□ Step 3 Take number from box 1 place here subtract from 100 —	
Step 4 Place the answer in box #2. (This is the max. percentage of assets that may be in variable principal). Box #2	
Step 5 Take answer from box #2 and place in box #3 next to Variable Principal; . Take the answer from box #1 and place in box #3 next to (Guaranteed Principal) result will equal 100 %.	
Box #3	Box # 4
Your Savings should be:	Current investment weighting is:
% Variable Principal*	<u> </u>
% Guaranteed Principal **	% Guaranteed Principal **
100 % Combined	100% Combined
 principal Box #4 is higher than it is in box #3 you need to readjust your asset mix to achieve more safety for your money. Step 7 Once the risk level has been determined from above . The next step is determining the amount of risk within any variable principle accounts. This is usually done by using a <i>scatter chart</i> graph. 	
* Examples of Variable Principal:	
Stocks, Mutual Funds, Variable Annuities, Bond Funds, Municipal Bonds, Government and Corporate Bonds, Reits (Note many Govt. bonds are safe if held to maturity but may have substantial loss/ or gain if interest rates have changed since purchase Also IRAs are included if invested in any of above	
** Examples of Guaranteed Principal:	
Savings Accounts, Money market accounts, CDs, Fixed Annuities, EE Bonds, H Bonds, I bonds, Equity Indexed Annuities, Also includes IRAs if invested in any of these accounts.	
Any questions call Joe Zingone 1-888-714-1003 or email Joe@SeniorHelp.US	